

TEST NAME: **Early America**
TEST ID: **788280**
GRADE: **10 - Tenth Grade**
SUBJECT: **Social Sciences and History**
TEST CATEGORY: **My Classroom**

Student: _____

Class: _____

Date: _____

1. What was one reason colonial settlers objected to the British government's Proclamation of 1763?

- A. It limited colonial participation in the slave trade.
- B. It placed land holdings under the control of British banks.
- C. It forced them to limit the power of colonial governments.
- D. It prohibited settlement west of the Appalachian Mountains.

2. Use the map to answer the question that follows.



The Lewis and Clark expedition left its camp near St. Louis, Missouri, in May 1804, and arrived at the Pacific Ocean in November 1805. How did the Louisiana Territory's geography help them make their journey?

- A. The flat terrain kept their route free of difficult obstacles.
- B. The roads built by the French made traveling safe and fast.
- C. The region's warm climate let them travel throughout the year.
- D. The extensive river system allowed them to make the trip by boat.

3. In colonial America, which industry flourished in New England?

- A. textile manufacturing
- B. shipbuilding
- C. wheat farming
- D. tobacco farming

4. Use the list below to answer the question.

- Irish Catholic schools
- Little Germany
- Little Italy
- Mutual Aid Societies

The information above is representative of what aspect of 19th century life in the United States?

- A. the migration of Americans westward
- B. attempts by the U.S. government to restrict immigration
- C. large-scale immigration from Western Europe
- D. the outbreak of the Second Great Awakening

5. What aspect of southern life allowed for the spread of cotton farming in the region during the early 19th century?

- A. the availability of slave labor
- B. the development of state-owned irrigation projects
- C. the development of widespread public transportation
- D. the growth of foreign investments in the states

6. Use the table below to answer the question that follows.

Differences Between the Northern States and the Southern States, 1860

	North	South
Population	71%	29%
Railroad Mileage	72%	28%
Value of Exports	68%	32%
?	16%	84%

What label best fits in the last row?

- A. ships
- B. factories
- C. large farms
- D. coal deposits

7. Use the information below to answer the question that follows.

The Southern Colonies consisted of Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia. Colonists who settled in these colonies during the 1600s and 1700s benefited from soil that was fertile and a growing season that was long. The climate was warm and moist, and broad rivers made transportation easy.

The environmental characteristics of the Southern Colonies caused that region's economy to be based on what activity?

- A. fur trading
- B. shipbuilding
- C. cash crop agriculture
- D. textile manufacturing

8. **What was Columbus seeking on his first voyage across the Atlantic?**

- A. animal furs
- B. land for farming
- C. religious freedom
- D. trade routes to Asia

9. **Some founders of American colonies, such as William Penn in Pennsylvania and Lord Baltimore in Maryland, received "proprietary charters." What did these charters allow them to do?**

- A. rule their colonies like absolute monarchs
- B. organize institutions to govern the colonies
- C. declare independence after a period of time
- D. represent their colonies in the English Parliament

10. **Why was it necessary for the Cherokee to sue the state of Georgia in 1831?**

- A. They wanted to secede from the United States.
- B. They were being forced to give up their lands.
- C. They were seeking assistance in fighting against Spain.
- D. They believed they were entitled to voting rights in the state.

11. **In 1850 and 1852, California passed laws that charged a tax on foreign miners. These taxes were aimed at the large numbers of immigrant miners drawn by the gold rush from which country?**

- A. China
- B. Russia
- C. Ireland
- D. Germany

12. Use the map to answer the question that follows.



What best explains the location of these colonial settlements in North America?

- A. The climate along the coast provided mild weather and long growing seasons.
- B. Colonists could stay better connected with England across the Atlantic Ocean.
- C. English colonists could more easily work together with the French and Spanish.
- D. Native Americans inhabited only the region west of the Appalachian Mountains.

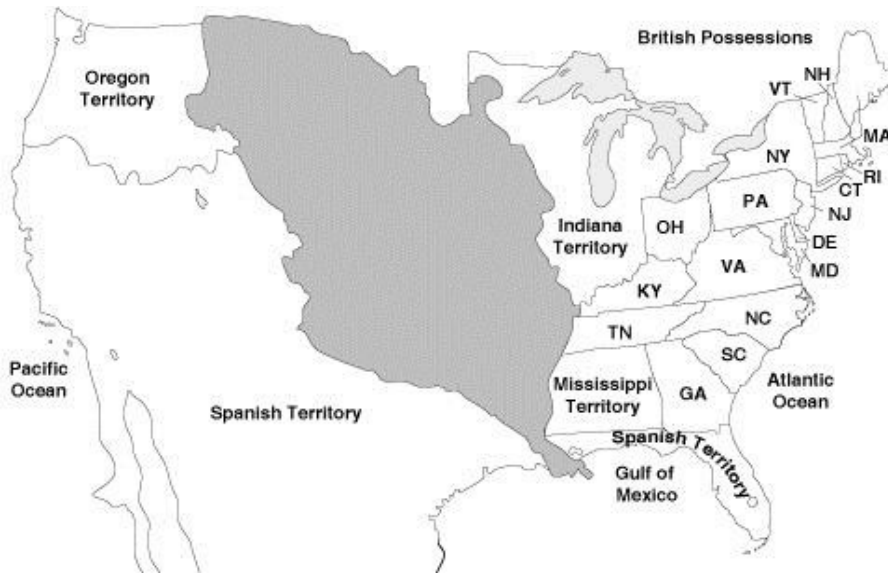
13. Use the information below to answer the question.

- Congress passes the Indian Removal Act (1830)
- Cherokee Nation sues the State of Georgia in *Cherokee Nation v. Georgia* (1831)
- The United States negotiates the New Echota Treaty with Cherokee leader Major Ridge for the purchase of lands in Georgia (1835)
- The National Party of the Cherokee Nation rejects the New Echota Treaty (1835)

Why was the above sequence of events significant in the history of the Cherokee people?

- A. It brought about the establishment of federal reservations in the eastern United States.
- B. It restored Cherokee land rights that had been granted during the colonial period.
- C. It brought about the granting of citizenship rights to the Cherokee people.
- D. It led to the Cherokee people being forced to move west of the Mississippi River.

14. Use the map to answer the question that follows.



How did the shaded area on the map become part of the United States?

- A. It was gained from Mexico after the Mexican War.
- B. It was ceded to the United States by Spain.
- C. It was purchased by the United States from France.
- D. It was won from the British in the Revolutionary War.

15. Use the list below to answer the question.

Events in U.S. History

- Construction of canals and railroads
- Invention of the telegraph and telephone
- Construction of turnpikes and paved roads

The events on this list had the greatest impact on which aspect of the economy?

- A. the number of coastal fisheries
- B. the location of cottage industries
- C. the amount of land under cultivation
- D. the location of manufacturing plants

16. Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.

Exports from Virginia and Maryland to Great Britain, 1763

Commodities	Value (in pounds)
Tobacco	768,000
Indian corn, beans, peas, etc.	30,000
Wheat	40,000
Deer and other skins	25,000
Iron	35,000
Sassafras, ginseng, etc.	7,000
Masts, planks, turpentine, tar, etc.	55,000
Flax seed	14,000
Pickled pork, beef, ham, and bacon	15,000
Ships	30,000
Hemp	21,000
Total	1,040,000

What key feature of mercantilism is reflected in the information in the table?

- A. Colonists produced mostly agricultural goods and raw materials for export.
- B. Colonists exported goods to the country that paid the highest price for them.
- C. Colonists supplied all of their needs and exported the surplus to Great Britain.
- D. Colonists lacked the resources to support a manufacturing economy of their own.

17. Read the list and answer the question.

- Allowed for the creation of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin
- Determined that territories would be governed by officials appointed by Congress
- Allowed residents of the territory to elect legislatures once 5,000 free men lived within the territory.
- Allowed the territory to petition for statehood once the population of the territory reached 60,000 people.

What does this list describe?

- A. Manifest Destiny
- B. Monroe Doctrine
- C. Northwest Ordinance
- D. Townshend Acts

18. Religious persecution led to the large-scale settlement of which religious community in Utah beginning in the 1840s?

- A. Mormons
- B. Catholics
- C. Quakers
- D. Muslims

19. Use the excerpt to answer the question that follows.

By such a Colony, many families, who would otherwise starve, will be provided for, and made masters of houses and lands . . .; their labor in improving their own lands, will make the adjoining reserved lands valuable; and the rents of those reserved lands will be a perpetual fund for the relieving [of] more poor people.

Written in 1733, this excerpt explains the plans of which colonial founder?

- A. John Smith of Jamestown
- B. James Oglethorpe of Georgia
- C. William Penn of Pennsylvania
- D. Roger Williams of Providence

20. Based on the excerpt, how did the Homestead Act change the United States?

President Abraham Lincoln signed the Homestead Act on May 20, 1862. The act provided settlers with 160 acres of surveyed public land after payment of a filing fee and five years of continuous residence.

—Library of Congress

- A. It shifted the nation to an agricultural economy.
- B. It improved transportation between urban centers.
- C. It promoted the settlement of frontier regions.
- D. It transferred control over raw materials to industrial producers.

21. Use the table to answer the question that follows.

Total Immigrants to the United States

1821-30	1831-40	1841-50
143,439	599,125	1,713,251

What contributed most to the trend shown in the table?

- A. famine in Ireland
- B. revolution in France
- C. persecution in Russia
- D. industrialization in Great Britain

22. Use the map below to answer the question.



What was the primary reason for the purchase of the territory shaded on the map?

- A. to provide additional land for cotton farming
 - B. to provide additional land for Native American tribes
 - C. to provide a buffer zone between Mexico and the United States
 - D. to provide a southern route for a transcontinental railroad
23. Although the Supreme Court ruled against the state of Georgia in *Worcester v. Georgia*, why were the Cherokee relocated to the Indian Territory?
- A. Georgia landowners seized their land and forced them to migrate westward.
 - B. State representatives refused to enforce the Supreme Court ruling.
 - C. The federal government forced them out under the Indian Removal Act.
 - D. They sold their land to Georgia developers to escape persecution.
24. During the colonial era, the northern colonies' economy depended mainly on fishing and lumber, the middle colonies' economy depended mainly on growing cash crops and the southern colonies' economy mainly depended on large plantations.

Which of the following features of the economy would most likely be associated with the northern colonies?

- A. steam-powered machinery
- B. slave labor
- C. shipbuilding
- D. tobacco farming

25. Use the excerpt to answer the question that follows.

As for the Creeks they are situated now in the midway between us, the French, and the Spaniard, and deals with those that give them most affecting a neutrality, yet making their advantages of the differences happening between the European nations so we may safely conclude that we have not above half of the trade and the number of Indians subject to this government as we had in 1715

—Governor Robert Johnson of South Carolina, January 12, 1720

Based on this excerpt, Robert Johnson was most concerned with what issue?

- A. converting Native Americans to Christianity
- B. building a military alliance with France and Spain
- C. establishing an effective representative government
- D. competing with other Europeans for power in the colonies

26. Use the information in the list to answer the question.

- Ireland suffers a large-scale famine during the 1840s
- Many Irish immigrants, as well as German and Scandinavian immigrants, arrive in the United States between 1845 and 1860
- Many of the poorer immigrants settle in large eastern cities

Which of the following was a result of the events listed above?

- A. Newly-arrived immigrants formed their own political parties.
- B. Many immigrants began working side-by-side with slaves in the South.
- C. The United States began deporting immigrants who arrived in the country illegally.
- D. American nativists feared the loss of jobs to immigrants willing to work for lower wages.

27. What impact did the invention of the cotton gin have on the lives of African Americans in the early 19th century?

- A. It created an increasing demand for slave labor throughout the South.
- B. It convinced Congress to reinstate the Atlantic slave trade.
- C. It allowed many slaves to secure their freedom in the South.
- D. It led slaves to begin farming their own property for extra money.

28. Use the information below to answer the question.

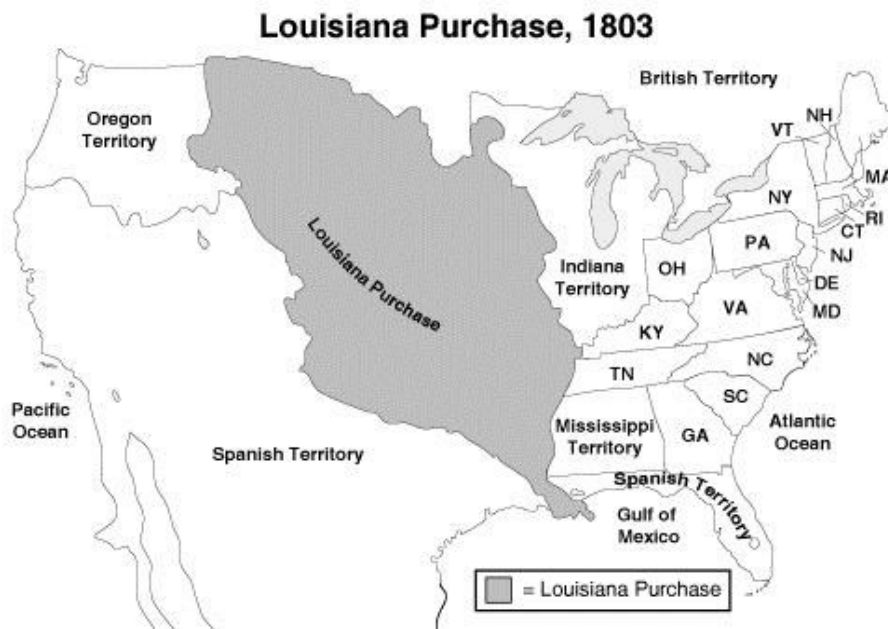
Indentured Servants

- Trans-Atlantic fare paid in full by master
- Work contract signed for a specified period of time
- Provided room and board while working
- "Freedom dues" often provided at end of contract

Based on the information, what is the best explanation why indentured servants were important to the success of the early American colonies?

- A. They often brought considerable wealth to the colonies.
- B. They provided a stable labor force for the colonies.
- C. They brought knowledge of manufacturing to the colonies.
- D. They contributed to the growth of religious toleration in the colonies.

29. Use the map to answer the question that follows.



What was one benefit that the Louisiana Purchase provided for the United States?

- A. control of the Great Lakes
- B. a port on the Gulf of Mexico
- C. less chance of conflict with Spain
- D. protection against a British invasion

30. Use the cartoon below to answer the question.



What conclusion regarding Irish immigration can be drawn from the cartoon?

- A. Irish immigrants were welcomed in the United States.
- B. Irish immigrants were drawn to America to seek economic opportunities.
- C. Irish immigrants were in demand as the United States expanded.
- D. Irish immigrants were hoping to escape religious persecution in their homeland.

31. Use the excerpt to answer the question that follows.

Reasons for the Plantation in New England

(ca. 1628)

7. What can be a better work, and more honorable and worthy of a Christian than to help rise and support a particular church while it is in its infancy, and to join his forces with such a company of faithful people, as by a timely assistance may grow strong and prosper, when for want of such help may be put to great hazard, if not wholly ruined.

This excerpt explains an important reason that guided what group of colonial settlers?

- A. debtors in Georgia
- B. tobacco farmers Virginia
- C. Quakers in Pennsylvania
- D. Puritans in Massachusetts

32. Use the table below to answer the question.

Foreign-Born Population
of the United States

1850	9.7%
1870	14.4%
1890	14.8%

Which factor best explains the change shown in this table?

- A. increased educational opportunities
- B. greater access to health care
- C. increased demand for industrial workers
- D. greater chances for social equality

33. Use the map to answer the question.



The travel routes on the map indicate the travel paths of which group?

- A. Mormons on their trek westward
- B. Cherokees on the Trail of Tears
- C. African Americans on the Great Migration
- D. Lewis and Clark on their exploration of the Louisiana Territory

34. Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.

English Colonies
in North America

Colony	Year Established
Virginia	1607
Massachusetts Bay Colony	1630
Carolina	1663
Georgia	1732

All of these colonies attracted settlers mostly guided by what interest?

- A. religious freedom
- B. military adventure
- C. economic opportunity
- D. democratic government

35. Use the advertisement below to answer the question that follows.

WANTED

To go to Maryland, a BLACKSMITH, a young man unmarried, bred to country business such as plough irons, axes, hoes and can shoe a horse, and any other thing that may offer, and will bind for four or five years he will find good encouragement.

For further particulars, enquire at William Brown, junr [junior] merchant in Glasgow.

—*Glasgow Journal*, 1 September 1763

Why would someone most likely respond to this advertisement?

- A. to escape religious persecution
- B. to learn a foreign language
- C. to find better economic opportunities
- D. to live under a democratic government

36. Use the information to answer the question that follows.

1620 – *The Mayflower* sailed from Plymouth, England, with 120 Pilgrims on board
1628 – Puritans arrived in Salem and establish the Massachusetts Bay Colony
1634 – Catholics traveled to Maryland on the ships *Dove* and *Ark*
1682 – William Penn, a Quaker, established the colony of Pennsylvania
1683 – Thirteen German Mennonite families settled in Pennsylvania
1737 – Twenty-one Amish families traveled from the Netherlands to Philadelphia

Which statement is best supported by this information?

- A. Most colonists who settled in America came because of religious reasons.
- B. Europeans facing religious persecution sought freedom in the American colonies.
- C. The American colonies succeeded only with the support of major religious groups.
- D. Religious toleration was commonly practiced throughout colonial American societies.

37. Use the excerpt to answer the question that follows.

A company of Chinese have been building a log cabin near us for several days past. They are mostly young men . . . and very polite towards us. I like to talk with them, and ask them hundreds of questions about their native land, for they are intelligent and one of them speaks good English.

—Timothy Coffin Osborn journal entry, December 26, 1850

Which statement best explains the information in this excerpt?

- A. The discovery of gold in California attracted Chinese immigrants.
- B. Chinese immigrants found it difficult to adapt to the change in culture.
- C. Immigrants from Europe and China settled in the same city neighborhoods.
- D. Chinese immigrants were among the pioneers who traveled along the Oregon Trail.

38. The United States acquired the Oregon Territory in 1846, and after a war with Mexico, the United States acquired the Mexican Cession in 1848. Which concept relates to the expansion of the U.S. from coast to coast?
- A. The Monroe Doctrine
 - B. Federalism
 - C. Manifest Destiny
 - D. Free Soil

39. Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.

Inter-colonial Wars

War	Years
King William's War	1689-1697
Queen Anne's War	1702-1713
King George's War	1744-1748
French & Indian War	1754-1763

What was a reason for the wars listed in the table?

- A. tax policies
 - B. control of territory
 - C. resistance against slavery
 - D. independence movements
40. Use the quote below to answer the question.

My friends . . . circumstances that cannot be controlled, and which are beyond the reach of human laws, render it impossible that you can flourish in the midst of a civilized community. You have but one remedy within your reach. And that is, to remove to the West and join your countrymen, who are already established there. And the sooner you do this, the sooner you will commence your career of improvement and prosperity.

—Andrew Jackson

The above statement is most closely associated with what action during the 19th century?

- A. the outbreak of the Mexican War
- B. the Cherokee Trail of Tears
- C. the secession of Southern states
- D. the spread of slavery across the South

41. Use the passage in the box to answer the question that follows.

During the mid-1700s, several religious leaders rose to prominence throughout the American colonies. Preachers like George Whitefield (1714–1770), Jonathan Edwards (1703–1758), and Gilbert Tennent (1703–1764) delivered dramatic and emotional sermons at revivals that attracted large crowds. Sometimes these audiences brought together a social mixture of men and women, whites and African Americans. The revivalist preachers often challenged the authority of ministers who did not demonstrate sufficient piety and passion, which caused tensions within denominations that sometimes led new religious groups to arise.

What was a consequence of the religious movement described in this passage?

- A. Religious diversity increased in American society.
- B. Enlightenment ideas became less appealing in colonial culture.
- C. People began to settle western territories to practice religious freedom.
- D. Colonial authorities enforced laws to protect established religious institutions.

42. Use the information below about the followers of John Calvin to answer the question.

- Sought to reform the English Church
- Emphasized enterprise and hard work
- Condemned the decline of traditional rural communities in Europe
- Found their group persecuted in England by King James I

How did the followers of John Calvin contribute to American colonial history?

- A. They were the first Europeans to land on the North American continent.
- B. They led to the migration of Puritans to the New England region.
- C. They were the first to utilize slaves as a labor force in the colonies.
- D. They developed strict laws protecting religious toleration in the colonies.

43. Use the table below to answer the question.

Immigration Statistics, 1821–1860

Country of Origin	Immigration Totals
Ireland	1,953,000
German States	1,546,000
Great Britain	792,000
France	207,000

What was one result of the arrival of large numbers of immigrants during the 19th century?

- A. Businesses had access to large pools of cheap labor.
- B. Rural areas saw dramatic population growth.
- C. The government initiated strict immigration quotas.
- D. The number of slaves began to decline in the South.

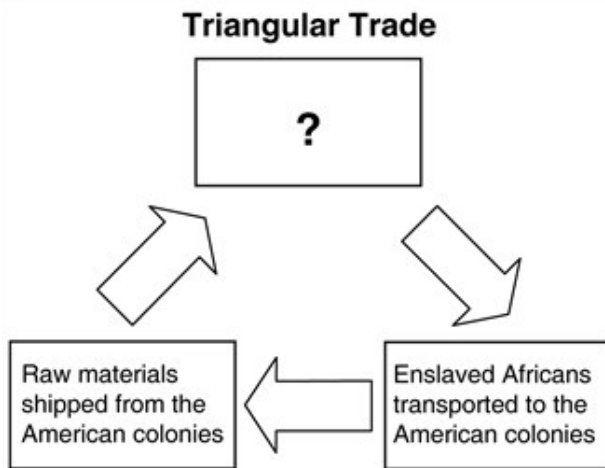
44. Use the excerpt to answer the question.

“I therefore once more recommend to you, to take particular care of your behavior towards the English, whom we must now look upon as ourselves; they have the French and Spaniards to fight, and we enough of our own color, without meddling with either nation.”
—Ostenaco, in a speech to a group of Cherokee people, 1762

What did Ostenaco want Cherokee people to do?

- A. wage war against the English
- B. fight against the French and Spaniards
- C. view the English as the same as the Cherokee people
- D. act peacefully towards other American Indian groups

45. Look at the diagram.



Which step in this diagram is missing?

- A. Silk shipped from China
- B. Spices shipped from India
- C. Gold shipped from South America
- D. Manufactured goods shipped from Europe

46. Use the information to answer the question that follows.

In May and July 1844, riots occurred in Philadelphia between Catholic and anti-Catholic groups. These street clashes left dozens of people dead, over one hundred injured, and many buildings destroyed, including two Catholic churches.

What best explains a cause of this conflict?

- A. a dispute over elections
- B. resentment against tax laws
- C. opposing views about slavery
- D. resentment toward immigrants

47. During the 1840s, a famine led to increased immigration to the U.S. from which country?

- A. China
- B. Ireland
- C. Russia
- D. Mexico

48. The Pilgrims originally established Plymouth for what reason?

- A. financial gain
- B. relief from famine
- C. to establish a Northwest passage
- D. to escape religious persecution

49. Which of these pull factors had the greatest effect on westward migration in the United States during the mid-1800s?

- A. religious freedom
- B. factory jobs
- C. political freedom
- D. free land

50. Use the excerpt below to answer the question.

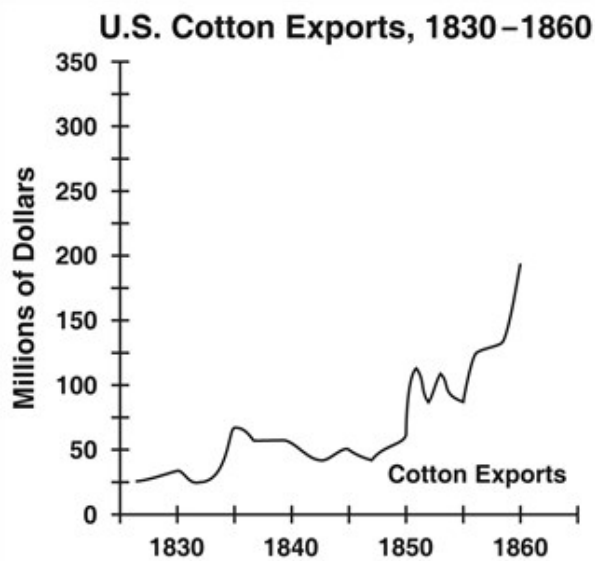
Though the Indians are acknowledged to have an unquestionable, and heretofore unquestioned, right to the lands they occupy, until that right shall be extinguished by a voluntary cession to our government; yet it may well be doubted, whether those tribes which reside within the acknowledged boundaries of the United States can, with strict accuracy, be denominated foreign nations. They may, more correctly, perhaps, be denominated domestic dependent nations.

—*Cherokee Nation v. Georgia*, 1831

In *Cherokee Nation v. Georgia*, the Supreme Court decided that because the Cherokee tribe was a domestic dependent nation

- A. the Supreme Court lacked the jurisdiction to hear its case.
- B. the federal government was prohibited from making treaties with it.
- C. the state of Georgia could determine which laws it needed to follow.
- D. the national army was required by law to protect it.

51. Use the chart below to answer the question.



What aspect of southern culture contributed most to the trend in cotton exports shown in the graphic?

- A. numerous businesses selling cotton cloth
- B. large ports to ship cotton bales overseas
- C. the growth of mills to produce cotton cloth
- D. the use of slave labor to harvest cotton

52. Use the excerpt below to answer the question.

The consequences of a speedy removal will be important to the United States, to individual States, and to the Indians themselves . . . It will relieve the whole State of Mississippi and the western part of Alabama of Indian occupancy, and enable those states to advance rapidly in population, wealth, and power.

—Andrew Jackson, Message to Congress, December 1830

Based upon the comments of President Andrew Jackson, what was the primary purpose of the Indian Removal Act of 1830?

- A. to secure land in southern states for white settlement
- B. to eliminate the possibility of Native Americans uniting with the French
- C. to relocate tribes to more prosperous land settlements in the West
- D. to place tribes under the control of southern states

53. Use the list below to answer the question.

- Increasingly began migrating to California in the 1850s
- Worked in the mines
- Made up a large percentage of workers on western end of Transcontinental Railroad
- Set up large, thriving communities in the San Francisco area

The information is most closely associated with which immigrant group?

- A. Chinese
- B. Irish
- C. German
- D. Italian

54. Which export, grown by colonists during the 1600s and 1700s, became most important to England?

- A. rice
- B. cotton
- C. tobacco
- D. sugar

55. Use the information in the box to answer the question that follows.

Throughout the American colonies in 1689, people rose in revolt against colonial administrators who had strictly enforced royal policies. Over a thousand armed men in Boston arrested the governor and the customs collector of the Massachusetts Bay colony in April. In June, Jacob Leisler led a militia force against the lieutenant governor in New York, Francis Nicholson, who fled to England. John Coode and his supporters seized control of Maryland's capital in July and called for the creation of a new government that would free the colony of the "yoke of arbitrary government of tyranny and popery [Catholicism]."

What event encouraged colonists to take these actions?

- A. the Great Awakening
- B. the Glorious Revolution
- C. the passage of the Stamp Act
- D. the creation of the House of Burgesses

56. The use of a canal system in the early 19th century reflects which development in American society?

- A. the decreased reliance on public transportation
- B. the need to build infrastructure to expand trade
- C. the decreased demand for railroad lines
- D. the desire for stable foreign relations

57. Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.

Colony	Year Founded	Founder
Maryland	1632	Lord Baltimore
Providence	1636	Roger Williams
Pennsylvania	1681	William Penn

The American colonies listed in the table were established primarily for what purpose?

- A. to escape religious persecution
- B. to provide opportunities for debtors
- C. to earn profits from tobacco farming
- D. to experiment with democratic government

58. People mainly moved west during the California Gold Rush in 1849 because

- A. they wanted religious freedom.
- B. they were interested in fishing.
- C. they had hopes of getting rich.
- D. they wanted to trade with Native Americans.

59. Use the excerpt below to answer the question.

We have no interest in the scenes of antiquity, only as lessons of avoidance of nearly all their examples. The expansive future is our arena . . . We are the nation of human progress, and who will, what can, set limits to our onward march?

—John L. O’Sullivan, 1839

Which event fulfilled O’Sullivan’s vision?

- A. the statehood of territories in the northwest
- B. the formation of international allies during World War I
- C. the completion of the Erie Canal
- D. the passage of the 14th Amendment

60. Use the excerpt below to answer the question.

The European merchant, as well as the Americans, will fly across our continent straight to China. The rich commerce of Asia will flow through our centre. And where has that commerce ever flowed without carrying wealth and dominion with it?

—Senator Thomas Hart Benton, 1849

Senator Benton’s argument supported what aspect of American life prior to the Civil War?

- A. expansion into western lands
- B. Indian removal in the South
- C. removing restrictions on the spread of slavery
- D. federal printing of paper money

61. Use the information to answer the question that follows.

A new method of communication was first successfully tested in 1844 when a message was sent from Washington, D.C., to a railroad station in Baltimore, Maryland. After that, Americans had a powerful tool that made trains run more safely, enabled business to be conducted more easily across great distances, and helped westward expansion.

What method of communication does this paragraph describe?

- A. the radio
- B. the telegraph
- C. the telephone
- D. the phonograph

62. Which economic policy required a colony's natural resources to be used to benefit the ruling country?

- A. feudalism
- B. laissez faire
- C. mercantilism
- D. salutary neglect

63. Use the information below to answer the question.

- Little Italy
- Chinatown
- Little Germany

The names of the communities listed above are indications of what trend in the United States during the 19th century?

- A. the government's establishment of neighborhoods for new immigrants
- B. the preference of new immigrants to live near members of their ethnic group
- C. business attempts to establish company towns specifically for new immigrants
- D. the attempt to resettle immigrants outside of large urban areas

64. Which group of North American colonists first developed a system of self-government?

- A. the Dutch
- B. the Quakers
- C. the Pilgrims
- D. the French

65. Advances in farming technology caused large numbers of people to move from rural to urban areas. Which of the following best explains why?

- A. Fewer workers were needed on the farm.
- B. Transportation radically improved.
- C. Comforts of the city became more attractive.
- D. Life on the farm became much easier.

66. In what section of the country would one most likely find the factory system in the middle 1800s?

- A. South
- B. North
- C. West
- D. Midwest

67. Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.

Voyages to Colonial America

Name of Ship	Destination	Year
<i>Mayflower</i>	Plymouth	1620
<i>Ark and Dove</i>	Maryland	1634
<i>Welcome</i>	Pennsylvania	1682

Which factor was the most influential in convincing the passengers on these ships to settle in America?

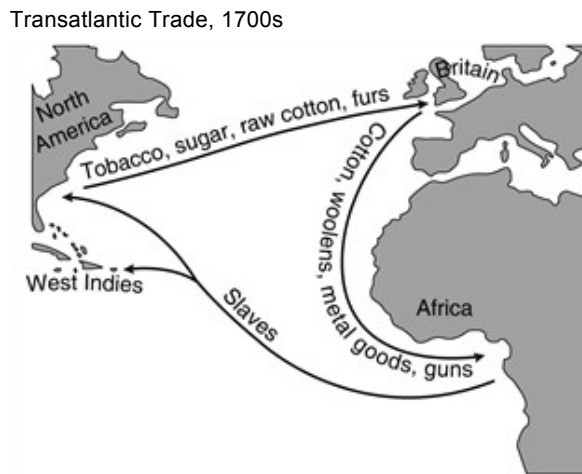
- A. the discovery of gold
- B. opportunities for education
- C. religious conflicts in Europe
- D. a global economic depression

68. "We are the nation of human progress, and who will, what can, set limits to our onward march? Providence is with us, and no earthly power can."

Based on the quote above, the concept of Manifest Destiny is closely tied with what other aspect of American History?

- A. the abolition of slavery in the United States
- B. the establishment of alliances with Britain
- C. the outbreak of the Great Awakening
- D. the secession of the Confederate states

69. Use the map below to answer the question.



What was one result of the trade illustrated on the map?

- A. It provided a market for American manufactured goods.
- B. It provided an inexpensive labor force in North America.
- C. It contributed to the spread of Catholicism in the Americas.
- D. It contributed to an increase of Asian immigration to the Americas.

70. Use the information below to answer the question that follows.

The New England Colonies consisted of Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire. Colonists who settled in these colonies during the 1600s and 1700s faced rocky soil and winter that were long and cold- conditions which kept farm sizes small. Much of the land was covered in forest, and the waters off the northern Atlantic coast were full of cod.

What economic activity succeeded the most in New England because of the region's environmental characteristics?

- A. coal mining
- B. shipbuilding
- C. cattle ranching
- D. cash crop agriculture

71. **Which factor contributed most to the creation of new states in areas acquired as a result of the Mexican War?**

- A. population growth due to immigration from Asian countries
- B. reforms implemented during the Reconstruction era
- C. completion of the Transcontinental Railroad
- D. establishment of new cities in the Oregon Territory

72. **How did the federal government respond to the Cherokee rejection of the New Echota Treaty?**

- A. President Andrew Jackson sent troops to Georgia to protect the Cherokee.
- B. The Supreme Court ruled that the Cherokee were not entitled to their lands.
- C. The U.S. government forced the removal of the Cherokee from Georgia.
- D. The U.S. government granted U.S. citizenship rights to the Cherokee.

73. **Early American settlements such as New York and Jamestown needed trade in order to survive. Which type of land feature attracted these settlements?**

- A. lakes
- B. mountains
- C. plains
- D. rivers

74. **Use the excerpt to answer the question that follows.**

By such a Colony, many families, who would otherwise starve, will be provided for, and made masters of houses and lands . . . ; their labor in improving their own lands, will make the adjoining reserved lands valuable; and the rents of those reserved lands will be a perpetual fund for the relieving [of] more poor people.

—James Oglethorpe, 1733

What best explains the benefit from the colony in Georgia that Oglethorpe describes in the excerpt?

- A. It will help to reduce poverty in England.
- B. It will provide cheap labor for manufacturers.
- C. It will increase English trade with other countries.
- D. It will protect religious minorities from persecution.

75. **James Oglethorpe helped to found the colony of Georgia in the 1700s. The reason for starting this colony was**

- A. to help the British conquer Florida.
- B. to provide religious freedom for Catholics.
- C. to prevent the spread of slavery in the colonies.
- D. to create a settlement for people imprisoned because of debt.

76. **Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.**

Population of Selected Colonies, 1750

Colony	Total Population	Black Population
Rhode Island	33,226	3,347
New York	76,696	11,014
Virginia	231,033	101,452
South Carolina	64,000	39,000

Which statement best explains the numbers shown in the table?

- A. A colony's population became more diverse as its population grew larger.
- B. The plantation economy of the Southern colonies relied upon enslaved labor.
- C. Southern colonies supported larger populations because they were more prosperous.
- D. The black population was lower in Northern colonies because slavery was abolished.

77. Use the information in the table to answer the question that follows.

Trade between Great Britain and the American Colonies, 1740–1770

Year	Value of Exports to Great Britain (in pounds)	Value of Imports from Great Britain (in pounds)
1740	718,400	813,400
1750	814,800	1,313,100
1760	761,100	2,611,800
1770	1,015,500	1,925,600

How does the information shown in the table reflect a key goal of mercantilism?

- A. Great Britain profited from a favorable balance of trade with the colonies.
- B. Steady economic growth made the colonies less dependent upon Great Britain.
- C. Goods from the colonies made up for declining economic output in Great Britain.
- D. Colonial trade promoted relations between Great Britain and other European powers.

78. Use the table to answer the question that follows.

Regional Economies in the American Colonies

	New England Colonies	Middle Colonies	Southern Colonies
Regional Characteristics	Long winters, rocky soil, forests	Fertile soil, good ports, natural resources	Warm climate, good soil, long growing season
Main Economic Activities	Small-scale farming, fishing, shipbuilding	Farming, trade, manufacturing	?

Which option best completes the information in the table?

- A. coal mining
- B. cattle ranching
- C. plantation farming
- D. textile manufacturing

79. Use the chart to answer the question.

The North and South at the Start of the Civil War

	Miles of Railroads
Northern States	22,000
Southern States	9,000

How did the difference in railroad miles impact the Civil War?

- A. The North won by destroying the railroads in the South.
- B. The North was able to transport supplies and troops more easily.
- C. The South had an advantage because it had fewer railroads to maintain.
- D. The difference made little impact since the South had more ports for trade.

